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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
09/709,170	11/10/2000	Raymond P. Warrell	10412-025	4982	
7590 07/13/2005		EXAMINER			
Patrick J. Birde, Esq.			GIBBS, TERRA C		
KENYON & KENYON ONE BROADWAY			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
NEW YORK, NY 10004			1635		
			DATE MAILED: 07/13/2005		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

, f		Application N	Application No.		Applicant(s)			
		09/709,170		WARRELL ET AL.				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit				
		Terra C. Gibb		1635				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply								
THE - External enternal ente	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reperiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state the provided by the Office later than three months after the material part of the provided by the Office later than three months after the material part of the provided by the Office later than three months after the material part of the provided by the Office later than three months after the material part of the provided by the Office later than three months after the material part of the provided by the Office later than three months after the material part of the provided by the Office later than three months after the material part of the provided by the Office later than three months after the material part of the provided by the Office later than three months after the material part of the provided by the Office later than three months after the material part of the provided by the Office later than three months after the material part of the provided by the Office later than three months after the material part of the provided by the Office later than three months after the provided by the Office later than three months after the provided by the Office later than three months after the provided by the Office later than three months after the provided by the Office later than three months after the provided by the Office later than three months after the provided by the Office later than three months after the provided by the Office later than three months after the provided by the Office later than three months after the provided by the Office later than three months after the provided by the Office later than three months after the provided by the Office later than three months after the provided by the Office later	N. 1.136(a). In no event, h reply within the statutory iod will apply and will exp tute, cause the application	owever, may a reply be tim minimum of thirty (30) days oire SIX (6) MONTHS from on to become ABANDONEI	nely filed s will be considered timely the mailing date of this co D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status								
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 18 April 2005.								
	This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.							
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims							
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	4) Claim(s) 1-23 and 29-33 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-23 and 29-33 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.							
Applicati	on Papers							
10)	The specification is objected to by the Exam The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) a Applicant may not request that any objection to to Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corr The oath or declaration is objected to by the	accepted or b) () on the drawing(s) be herection is required if	eld in abeyance. See the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CF				
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.								
Attachmen	t(s)							
2) Notic 3) Inforr	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 r No(s)/Mail Date		Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da Notice of Informal Pa Other:	ite)-152)			

DETAILED ACTION

This Office Action is a response to Applicants Amendment and Remarks filed April 18, 2005.

Claims 1 and 19 have been amended. Claims 1-23 and 29-33 are pending in the instant application.

Claims 1-23 and 29-33 have been examined on the merits.

The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

Response to Amendment

Applicants Amendment to correctly identify the current status of the pending claims as required by 37 CRF 1.121 is acknowledged.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

In the previous Office Action mailed January 14, 2005, claims 1-23 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because the specification, while being enabling for a method of *treating* cancer in a human comprising administering a bcl-2 antisense oligonucleotide at a dose of 0.01 to 50 mg/kg daily in one or more cycles of therapy, each cycle of therapy consisting of 2 to 13 days, does not reasonably provide enablement for a method of *preventing* cancer in a human comprising administering a

bcl-2 antisense oligonucleotide at a dose of 0.01 to 50 mg/kg daily in one or more cycles of therapy, each cycle of therapy consisting of 2 to 13 days. **This rejection is withdrawn** in view of Applicants amendment to the claims to delete reference to methods of preventing cancer.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

In the previous Office Action mailed January 14, 2005, claims 1-5 and 13-18 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Webb et al. (The Lancet, 1997 Vol. 349:1137-1141). **This rejection is maintained** for the reasons of record set forth in the previous Office Action mailed January 14, 2005.

Response to Arguments

In response to this rejection, Applicants argue that the present rejection is a reiteration, without any substantial change in logic or reasoning of the rejection dated December 15, 2003. Also, Applicants argue that the Examiner withdrew a similar rejection in the Office Action mailed July 26, 2004. Further, Applicants argue that the Examiner, in the Office Action mailed July 26, 2004, stated:

"Applicant's arguments have been fully considered and are found persuasive. The Examiner agrees that Webb teaches treating a human with one cycle of therapy for 14 days".

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Applicants contend that the rejection of claims 1-5 and 13-18 must be withdrawn since the previous Office Action mailed January 14, 2005 did not present any fact or interpretation of the Webb et al. reference that Applicant has not already argued and overcome.

This argument has been fully considered but is not found persuasive because in the previous Office Action mailed April 18, 2005, the Examiner reevaluated the claims as required by 37 CFR 1.104 which discusses the nature of examination. For example, see 37 CFR 1.104 (a)(1) where it states:

"On taking up an application for examination or a patent in a reexamination proceeding, the examiner shall make a thorough study thereof and shall make a thorough investigation of the available prior art relating to the subject matter of the claimed invention".

Further see 37 CFR 1.104 (c)(2) where it states:

"In rejecting claims for want of novelty or for obviousness, the examiner must cite the best references at his or her command. When a reference is complex or shows or describes inventions other than that claimed by the applicant, the particular part relied on must be designated as nearly as practicable. The pertinence of each reference, if not apparent, must be clearly explained and each rejected claim specified".

In the previous Office Action mailed January 14, 2005, the Examiner followed the requirement of 37 CFR 1.104, reevaluated the claims, and clearly explained why it was her position that Webb et al anticipated the claims.

The issue at hand is the interpretation of the term "cycle of therapy". The Examiner has defined "cycle" according to Applicant's specification at page 7, lines 28-35 where it recites:

"cycle" refers to a period during which a single therapeutic or sequence of therapeutics is administered".

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The claims read on a method of treating cancer in a human comprising administering a bcl-2 antisense oligonucleotide in one or more cycles of therapy consisting of 2 to 13 days. Webb et al. disclose a *daily* subcutaneous infusion of a bcl-2 antisense oligonucleotide was administered for 2 weeks to nine patients (see page 1137, Methods). Webb et al. further disclose:

"one 2-week course of treatment was given. Patients were followed up for 4 weeks after the end of treatment. If there was evidence of tumor response, a second course of treatment was given" (see page 1138, second full paragraph).

Throughout prosecution, Applicants have argued that Webb teaches treating a human with one cycle of therapy for 14 days. In fact, in the Office Action mailed July 26, 2004, the Examiner agreed with this argument. However, upon the Examiner making a thorough study and investigation of the available prior art relating to the subject matter of the claimed invention as required by 37 CFR 1.104, it is the Examiner's position that Webb et al. anticipate claims 1-5 and 13-18.

It appears that Applicants are equating Webb's <u>course of treatment</u> with a <u>cycle</u> of therapy as instantly claimed. Given the broad definition of the term "cycle" in the instant specification at page 7, lines 28-35, the course of treatment disclosed by Webb et al. is not excluded from the cycle of therapy recited in the instant claims. For example, Webb et al. teach <u>two cycles of therapy consisting of 7 days each</u> (see Figure 2). Although at page 1137, Webb et al. recite "one 2-week course of treatment was given", it is clear from Figure 2 that at day 7, bcl-2 levels were measured and found to be decreased. In this light, treatment/therapy was observed as early as week 1.

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Although Applicants would like to argue that Webb teaches treating a human with one cycle of therapy for 14 days, the Examiner **disagrees**. The Examiner would like to point Applicant to Figure 2 where the levels of bcl-2 were measured by flow cytometry in lymph node aspirates of patient 6 during <u>7 days</u> and <u>14 days</u> of treatment. In fact, Webb et al. disclose, "Bcl-2 levels are reduced at weeks 1 and 2". In this example, Webb et al. clearly teach patient 6 underwent a cycle of therapy consisting of 7 days, where treatment/therapy was observed in the first week.

It is noted that a similar rejection was made in the Office Action mailed March 18, 2003. In response to this rejection, Applicants argued that Webb et al. monitored bcl-2 levels during the treatment cycle at day 7 and *monitoring* is not equivalent to Applicant's *treatment*. Further, Applicants argue that patient 6 underwent treatment for the entire 2-week period and such monitoring does not represent a shortening of the treatment period set out in the methods as instantly claimed.

If Applicants are inclined to make this argument again, it would not be found persuasive. It is clear from Figure 2 that patient 6 underwent two cycles of therapy consisting of 7 days each. Regardless of the fact that the therapy was continued for the entire 2-week period, at day 7, bcl-2 levels were measured and found to be decreased. In this regard, it is clear that at both day 7 and day 14, bcl-2 levels were decreased and therefore therapy and/or treatment was observed as early as day 7. Regarding Applicants arguments that monitoring is not equivalent to Applicant's treatment, this argument is unfounded because nowhere in Figure 2 or the text of the reference does Webb et al. mention bcl levels were *monitored*. It is clear from Figure 2 that bcl-2

antisense was administered to patient 6 daily for a period of 14 days. After the first week, bcl-2 levels were measured in lymph node aspirates and found to be reduced. In this light, patient 6 exhibited reduced bcl-2 levels in lymph node aspirates following administration of a bcl-2 antisense oligonucleotide. This reduction in bcl-2 was evident as early as day 7 and therefore cancer therapy was observed at week 1.

Therefore, Webb et al. anticipate claims 1-5 and 13-18.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

In the previous Office Action mailed January 14, 2005, claims 1-23 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Webb et al. (The Lancet, 1997 Vol. 349:1137-1141) in view of Bennett et al. [U.S. Patent No: 6,214,986]. **This rejection is maintained** for the reasons of record set forth in the previous Office Action mailed January 14, 2005.

Response to Arguments

In response to this rejection, Applicants argue that the present rejection is a reiteration, without any substantial change in logic or reasoning of the rejection dated December 15, 2003. Also, Applicants argue that the Examiner withdrew a similar rejection in the Office Action mailed July 26, 2004. Further, Applicants argue that the Examiner, in the Office Action mailed July 26, 2004, stated:

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"Applicant's arguments have been fully considered and are found persuasive. The Examiner agrees that Webb teaches treating a human with one cycle of therapy for 14 days".

Applicants contend that Bennett adds only motivation to experiment with dosage and administration and does not suggest the outcome of Applicants invention.

This argument has been fully considered but is not found persuasive because as discussed above, in the previous Office Action mailed April 18, 2005, the Examiner reevaluated the claims as required by 37 CFR 1.104 and made a thorough study and investigation of the available prior art. As discussed above, Webb et al. clearly teach patient 6 underwent a cycle of therapy consisting of 7 days, where treatment/therapy was observed (see Figure 2). In this light, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to devise a method of treating cancer in a human comprising administering a bcl-2 antisense oligonucleotide in one or more cycles of therapy, each cycle of therapy consisting of 2 to 13 days as instantly claimed.

Bennett was relied upon to teach dosage, repetition, and administration. One skilled in the art would have been motivated to administer antisense therapy further comprising administering one or more cancer therapeutics or chemoagents as taught by Bennett et al. and since it is routine and well known in the art that combination therapy is an effective approach for cancer treatment.

Therefore, the invention of claims 1-23 would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, as a whole, at the time the instant invention was made.

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In the previous Office Action mailed January 14, 2005, claims 29-33 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Webb et al., (The Lancet, 1997 Vol. 349:1137-1141) in view of Bennett et al. [U.S. Patent No: 6,214,986]. It is noted that Applicants response filed April 18, 2005 failed to provide remarks or arguments regarding this rejection. This rejection is maintained for the reasons of record set forth in the previous Office Action mailed January 14, 2005.

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented below:

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1 and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 1 recites the limitation "in which such treatment or prevention" in line 3.

There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim because the claim has been amended to delete reference to methods of preventing cancer.

Claim 19 recites the limitation "in which such treatment or prevention" in line 2.

There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim because the claim has been amended to delete reference to methods of preventing cancer.

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Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Terra C. Gibbs whose telephone number is 571-272-0758. The examiner can normally be reached on 9 am - 5 pm M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Wang Andrew can be reached on 571-272-0811. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic

Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

tcg

June 28, 2005

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